#### **Syllabus**

### I. Course Name: Differential geometry of manifolds

# II. Course description and objective

The course covers differential topology, analysis on manifolds, Riemannian and metric geometry.

# **III.** Compulsory

## IV. Master Program, 1st Term, 150 Hours, 5 Credits

### V. Course content

### Section 1. Analysis on smooth manifolds

### **Topic 1. Basics of differential topology**

Manifolds and smooth structures. Smooth maps. Diffeomorphisms. Tangent vectors and a tangent space of a smooth manifold. Differential and rank of smooth map. Critical points and Sard theorem. Submersions. Immersions and embeddings. Whitney theorem. Submanifolds. Structure of the preimage of a regular value. Tensors. Tangent bundle. Vector fields. Lie brackets. Integration of vector fields. Tensor fields

### **Topic 2. Calculus of exterior differential forms**

Forms in manifolds, symmetric and exterior forms. Pullback. Differential of the exterior form. Orientation of a smooth manifold. Integration of forms on an oriented manifold and the Stokes theorem.

### Section 2. Riemannian geometry of manifolds

### Topic 1. Fundamentals of Riemannian and metric geometry

Riemannian metric, Riemannian manifold. First fundamental form. The length of a curve on a Riemannian manifold and its properties. The angle between curves. The volume form and volume of a domain. Isometry and local isometry. Conformal maps. Affine connection. Covariant differentiation of forms. Riemann connection (Levi-Civita). The Kozshul formula. The length functional on the topological space. Inner metric. The shortest curve. The inner metric generated by a Riemannian metric. Finsler metric. Completeness of the Riemannian manifold. Geodesics of affine connection. Geodesics in the Riemannian manifold. Lagrangian and variational problem on a manifold. Euler-Lagrange equations. Geodesics and the shortest curves. The length of a curve in a metric space. The Arzela-Ascoli theorem for curves. Sufficient conditions for line to be the shortest. The Hopf-Rinow-Kon-Vossen theorem. Geodesic completeness. The case of a Riemannian manifold.

### **Topic 2. Curvature of Riemannian metric**

The curvature operator, Riemann tensor, sectional curvature. Ricci curvature and scalar curvature. Einstein manifolds. Spaces of constant curvature. The Shur theorem. The second variation of the length of a geodesic line. Myers Theorem. Jacobi fields and conjugate points. Jacobi fields on manifolds of a constant sectional curvature. Jacobi's theorem and the index form of the geodesic. Exponential map. Hadamard spaces and the Cartan-Hadamard theorem. Comparison theorems. Metric spaces of bounded curvature.

**VI. Pre-taken courses:** Topology, Linear Algebra, Mathematical Analysis, Differential Geometry.

**VII. Form of the final test**: examination (four-level evaluation scale)

# VIII. Teaching materials and reference books

- 1. Jürgen Jost. Riemannian Geometry and Geometric Analysis. Springer, 2017
- 2. Loring W. Tu. An Introduction to Manifolds. Springer, 2011
- 3. D. Burago, Y. Burago, S. Ivanov. A Course in Metric Geometry. AMS, 2001

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